Global Order or Global Disorder: 
World Peace Model towards the Implementation of Plan of Dialectical Transformation of Positive Law and Legal Order as Guaranty of Spiral, Evolutionary and Endlessly Development of Humankind under the Auspice of Universal Human Rights Law through the Introduction of Comparative Legal Order Study

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Doi:10.5901/mjss.2013.v4n3p621

Abstract

Substantial problem of Humankind is at the junction of Anthropology, Sociology and Jurisprudence. Based on my attempt to harmonize philosophies of Kant, Hegel and Husserl, and studies of famous legal scholars Bentham, Ostin, Holmes, Ehrlich, Kelsen, Reinach, Lauterpacht, Llevellyn, Hart, Kardozo, Rawls, David, Dworkin concerning the problems of public law, private law, international law, comparative law, justice, human rights, post-modernism, and Georgian philosophical, sociological and legal traditions since XII century, I discovered a synergetic model of dialectical, spiral, evolutionary and mutual transformation of irrationalism and rationalism as the effective method of conflicts prevention and peacefully resolution at the International, Regional, National and Local levels under the auspice of Bill of Human Rights.

Keywords: Dialectical Jurisprudence, Legal Order, Social Justice, Human Rights, Saint Francesco D’ Assisi.

1. In order of introduction, I would like to underline the following.

Globalization in modern world reflects such transnational problems which have never been exist in history of Humankind in such widespread aspect: Monopolization of World Economics and Extreme Poverty; European Union and NATO; World Bank, IMF and Developing Countries; International Drugs Network and Terrorism; Internet and E-mail; 'Judaism' and 'Islamism'; Global Warming and Ozone Depletion; Deforestation and Marine Pollution; Israel, USA, UK and Muslims; Contraband Armaments Traffic and Unregulated Financial Transfers; Amnesty International and Greenpeace; Coca-Cola and Macdonald’s; Exhausting of Non-renewable Earth Resources and Neo-colonialism; Corruption and Illegal Human Trade; International Trade Union Organizations and Transnational Woman’s networks; "Black Africa" and "Yellow Asia"; Catholic and Orthodox Churches; Ethnic Conflicts and the vast herds of Displaced Persons; Growth of Racism and Ethnic separatism; and a cross synthesis of abovementioned realities in combination with other factors.

However, in my scientific articles and newspaper statements since 1994 I have many times warned about the Islam fundamentalists attack on the parallel 38. [1] Unfortunately prophesy was realized: Washington is near the area of parallel 38, Madrid is located on the parallel 38, and tsunami in Japan was falling upon parallel 38. New danger is issuing from the parallel 38 between North and South Korea and etc. through Iran and to the West.

In this sense, so called – Global Administrative Law is not outcome because it represents global danger for humankind. Global Administrative Law without global government is nonsense, global government without global parliament and global judiciary is global dictatorship of junta of financial blood-suckers.

In order of outcome from such dangerous situation in worldwide, I am suggesting a synergetic model. In this respect, decisive role belongs to the Hegel’s Philosophy of Dialectics, particularly Dialectical Jurisprudence, which will envelop institutionalized study and comparison of legal orders and positive laws of each nation-state, group of nation-states and all nation-states, evaluate a synergetic model of their mutual transformation, spirally and sustainable development, and elaboration of world positive law under the auspice of Bill of Human Rights as effective method of conflicts prevention and peacefully resolution at the International, Regional, National and Local levels in direction to establish Just Global Order.
General methodological basis of my original legal theory is following.

The Universe is commonly defined as the totality of existence, including planets, stars, the contents of intergalactic space, galaxies and all matter and energy. (Similar terms include the cosmos, the world and nature).

In distinction of other languages, in Georgian the word Universe (samkaro) originated from the core word 'mkary' that means: solid, durable, firm, strong, stable.

So, the universe has solid, durable, firm, strong, stable character which means that interactions of all parts of universe has solid, durable, firm, strong, stable character. Interactions among all parts of universe have many forms. Leading form is transformation of each part into other part or other parts of universe which in whole has dialectically spiral, evolutionary and endlessly character. This process immanently includes some phases of entropy which stimulates dialectical development of universe.

In Georgian understanding, in universe predominates law of order and it has prevailed over law of disorder. In this sense, order is natural law of universe, while disorder is an exemption.

Analogical processes have taken place in inanimate and animate nature, in human society and in human beings itself, and they also immanently includes some phases of entropy which stimulates dialectical development of inanimate and animate nature, human society and human beings itself.

Universe unites different dimensions of inanimate and animate universes.

In Georgian understanding, in animate universe predominates law of order and it has prevailed over law of disorder. In this sense, order is natural law of animate universe, while disorder is an exemption.

Animate universe unites different dimensions of animal and human universes.

In Georgian understanding, in human universe predominates law of order and it has prevailed over law of disorder. In this sense, order is natural law of human universe, while disorder is an exemption.

At the same time, the Universe, Human Society and Legal System are not only solid, durable, firm, strong, stable. They are normatively rhythmical and moderately broadening interactively processes.

Particular methodological basis of my original legal theory is following.

Firstly, as a jurist in the field of General Theory of Law, I am a facilitator of analytic legal philosophy.

Secondly, as a follower of convergence theory, I reject sharp distinction between theory and practice, particularly between positive law and legal order.

Thirdly, as a follower of Hegel's dialectics, I suggest a theory of mutual transformation of positive law and legal order.

Fourthly, as a founder of Human Rights education in my country, I facilitate priority of Human Rights over statehood.

Fifthly, as a citizen of my own State, I facilitate internationally recognized independence, right to self-determination and sovereignty of the people of small Georgia opposed to the NATO, European Union, and American dominance in world affairs. In this respect, I do not consider myself as pacifist but I am decidedly antimilitarist. In that respect, my position is

Any biological being, including human being, is the member of appropriate biological community.

Any member of appropriate biological community, including human being, has submitted to the naturally and objectively established norms of appropriate biological community. Naturally and objectively established norms of appropriate biological community, including human community, regulate individual activities and mutual interactions of its members. Naturally and objectively established norms of appropriate biological community, including human community, regulate their members’ individual activities and mutual interactions with the members of other biological communities, including human community. In the process of individual activities and mutual interactions of the members of inside and/or outside biological communities, including human community, it has been appeared contradictions among them which are resolved by the naturally and objectively self-regulated and protecting norms of appropriate biological community, including human community.

However, as it is well known, essential attributes of human being are following: a) Human being is a rational being; b) Human being is an irrational being; c) Human being is a social being; d) Human being is a creative being; e) Human being is a words producing being; f) I would be added that human being is being that previously plan or lay out their future actions.

However, human beings distinguish from other biological beings. Human beings as freely willed biological being
are capable to get out of established naturally and objectively cyclically closed normative order and inversely influence upon the normative order i.e. naturally and objectively established practice of individual activities and mutual interactions of members of human community. In the process of influence upon the normative order i.e. naturally and objectively established practice of individual activities and mutual interactions of members of human community sometimes have been appeared naturally and objectively unresolved contradictions among them. For peacefully resolution of such contradiction Humankind set up artificial and subjective outside regulated and protecting norms, among which the norms of moral, religion and law are leading. In distinction of moral and religious norms, norms of law divided into material and procedural norms, and in this aspect they are more perfect and efficiency. In the process of activity of artificial norms of law is beginning their interaction with the natural and objective norms of normative order, and as a result the normative order transform into legal order, then legal order into positive law.

Violations of symmetry between legal order and positive law civilization many times have fell down in disorder. Clear examples are massive and increasingly conquer, aggressive, pitiless, ruthless and massive armed wars that is unknown for the animate world. As a result, it has been established natural and objective normative order.

Substantial legal problems of Humankind are on the junction of Philosophy, Anthropology, Sociology and Jurisprudence.

From the position of sociology of law, the picture is looks like in following image. Usually participants of social relations are acting in accordance with appropriate social norms, beforehand subjectively know nothing or mainly nothing how much his/her action is strictly accord or not to the norms of positive law. On this level we have the unity of social norms and social acts which might be called as normative facts. The normative facts in summary represent established norms of social order. At the same time, objectively established norms of social order might be contradicted to the norms of positive law, and positive law has non-compulsory attempt to reconstruct partially the norms of social order. That is the sociological explanation of interdependence of the norms of positive law and the norms of legal order.

From the position of legal theory, the picture is looks like in following image. First of all, usually participants of social relations are acting in accordance with the distributed by them mutual obligations and related to them rights, beforehand subjectively know nothing or mainly nothing how much his/her action is strictly accord or not to the norms of positive law. On this level we have the unity of legal norms (mutual obligations and related to them rights) and legal acts which might be called as legal facts. The legal facts in summary represent established norms of legal order.

At the same time, objectively established norms of legal order might be contradicted to the norms of positive law, and positive law has non-compulsory attempt to reconstruct partially the norms of legal order. That is regulatory to the legal order function of positive law. Secondly, as the continuation of the first stage of regulation, objectively established norms of legal order (mutual obligations and related to them rights and legal acts) might be so contradicted to the norms of positive law that positive law cannot able to reconstruct partially the norms of legal order by the non-compulsory means and necessity of conflict resolution and prevention dictate to the state to use compulsory means through the application of legislative, executive and judicial powers against wrongdoers. That is protectoral to the legal order function of positive law.

All of these two functions are the legal explanation of interdependence of the norms of legal order and the norms of positive law.

On the planet is raging tornado of amorphous and inadequate rules of politics out of the frameworks of rule of law, justice and human rights.

Globalization of such politics globally turned human being into slave without visible fetters. Therefore, we the people of the world need a New Human Philosophy of Positive Law and Legal Order under the auspice of Universal Human Rights, which links the East and West, North and South, ethics and religions, public and private life, technologies and environmental protection, and the myriad problems, which have never been exist in the history of mankind in widespread aspect.

1.1 Law is not based only on horizontal moral reasoning but mainly on vertical legal reasoning.

Morale already needs in legal transformation and protection from politics and politicians, because politics and politicians has polluted moral for a long time, especially after September 11. In this respect, I would like to introduce the notion of
Legal Morality.

The fact is that almost all post-modern scientists in legal theory subconsciously alienated from substance of created by private persons and/or public bodies legal norms i.e. mutual obligations and reflective to them rights of above mentioned individual participants of different economic, social, cultural, civil and political relations, and flitted to philosophy, anthropology, hermeneutics, sociology, ethnology, economics, and more over in geography and etc. They attempt to analyze the legal notions and categories through the above mentioned spheres of science, while no one are not substantially specialized in appropriate fields, and they made their way to width but not to depth. They disembowel law from law. As a result, in jurisprudence, sorry but, has been established a smell of dampness without perspective of light to the end of dark subway, and societies really remained without just law and human beings without human rights. Societies and human beings remained in “stark naked”.

In the frameworks of positive law human rights have an active and leading role over the obligations of the State. This active and leading role is expressed by civil and political freedoms (freedom from) to which correspond passive and reflected to them obligations of the State (obligation to be passive). Related to the economic, social and cultural rights an active and leading role of human rights is expressed by the permanent claims to the State (obligation to be active).

For me, Positive law and Legal Order have different contents from the point of view of role of human rights in the process of their functioning.

The greatest mistake of canonical jurists is that they identify legal order and positive law. [2]

Legal order is the existence order that it is. More concretely, legal order is the established by the private persons and public bodies real order of distribution of mutual obligations and correspondent them rights among them. At the same time, legal order is such order which has legal pretension to be ideal order i.e. positive law. However, positive law is non-existence order that ought to be. More concretely, positive law is the established by the legislator ideal order of distribution of mutual obligations and correspondent to them rights among private persons and public bodies. At the same time, positive law is such ideal order which has legal pretension to be real order i.e. legal order.

Accordingly, it is necessary to differ: statuses of subjects of positive law and statuses of subjects of legal order. State, church, individual, group of individuals and like subjects have two statuses: statuses of subjects of positive law (static status) and statuses of subjects of legal order (dynamic status). Statuses of subjects of positive law are defined by general and stable constitutive rights and obligations despite of their present activities. Statuses of subjects of legal order are defined by concrete and unstable not constitutive rights and obligations volume of which depends on their present activities. Particularly and in other words, the statuses of state, corporation, and family as collective subjects of positive law appropriately based on the constitution, regulations and contracts through distribution of mutual obligations and reflected to them rights among the parties of each subject (static status). Particularly and in other words, the statuses of state, corporation, and family as collective subjects of legal order appropriately based on the established practice of execution of constitution, regulations and contracts through distribution of mutual obligations and reflected to them rights among the parties of subject (dynamic status). In this respect, distinction between “Law in the books” and “Law in the actions” I consider in other sense. “Law in the books” is represented by positive law at any level, simply be the Codes. “Law in the actions” is represented by legal order at any level, simply by the established practice of legal activities of private persons and public persons.

Although, in Tanzania at the time of independence Muslim, Hindu and customary law were officially recognized as plural sources of positive (state) law along with established plural local legal norms, but that was exception than rule. Classical examples are Australia, New Zealand and Canada. Local ‘laws’ of indigenous people of Australia, New Zealand and Canada are the parts of legal order but not positive (state) law of these countries. That is fact.

Translating into philosophical language, legal order is a ‘phenomenological realism’, while positive law is a ‘phenomenological idealism’. Philosophical point of departure of distinction of legal order and positive law based on the distinction between ‘subjective existence and objective existence’, using by Husserl, and especially Heidegger notions. But made by them such distinction excludes their interaction in the aspect of mutual and endlessly transformation using by me the method of Hegel. In that sense, Husserl comes to a stop in the middle of road, has remaining their isolation. Remake phenomenological method of Husserl, Heidegger [3] purifies phenomenology of Husserl from the admixtures of ‘objectivism’. At the level of ‘existence philosophy’ Heidegger has exposed individual-personal character of ‘subjective existence’, and does not using dialectical method, he fully excludes any possibility of coexistence with ‘objective existence’. As a result has erased crisis of ‘existence philosophy’.

However, existentialism cannot argue freedom, duty and responsibility, and just because, I have proposed...
dialectical model of mutual and endlessly transformation of legal order and positive law. As a result, it has been established natural legal order, and artificial positive law. In this sense, positive law is not legal order but potential legal order i.e. legal order establishing of which is the end of State. Legal order is legal reality. After that is becoming apparent established natural legal order, and artificial positive law. In this sense, positive law is not legal order but potential legal order establishing of which is the end of State. Legal order is legal reality. After that is becoming apparent established natural legal order, and artificial positive law. In this sense, positive law is not legal order but potential legal order. Legal order in official and unofficial contexts we should consider in whole as unity of two sections of legal order. In official and unofficial contexts we should consider in whole as unity of two sections of legal order. In official and unofficial contexts we could be used the official reviews of internal and/or international litigation, which includes mediation and co-operation.

I am drawing distinction between legal acts of public bodies and legal acts of private persons.

If Ehrlich point sought to make was that the “living law” regulates social life is different from the norms for decision applied by courts [4], I seek to make is that the “living law” envelops both – norms that regulate social life and norms which regulate activities of courts and other public bodies, and these norms have been differentiated in the frameworks of “living law” using Ehrlich’s term. The norms which regulate social life are the established legal practice of activities of private persons. In this sense, I think that Legal Order is “living law”. So, the norms which regulate social life and norms which regulate activities of courts and other public bodies (including those disputes that are brought before judicial or other public bodies) have enveloped by legal order, and in their unity represent life of community i.e. economic, social, cultural, civil and political life of human communities. ‘Living law’ is a framework for the routine structuring of legal relationships among private persons and/or their groups, and private persons and their groups and/or public bodies and among public bodies through the distribution of mutual obligations and reflective to them rights. Its essence is also dispute and litigation, which includes mediation and co-operation.

My position is that the material source of positive law is legal order, which envelops plural forms of economic, social, cultural, civil and political relationships and they may conflict. Legal norms are, thus, regarded as socially fundamental. In addition, legal norms concern certain kinds of transactions which I described as ‘legal facts” but not ‘facts of the law’ i.e. special important topics for legal regulation. However, for me a written law i.e. public positive law and private positive law is two forms of positive law, but practices of judges and what people in the community actually do are two forms of legal order. So, in the frameworks of legal order I make differences between ‘positive law in action’ (public legal order) and ‘living law in action’ (private legal order).

Therefore, positive law is divided into public law and private law, as well as legal order – into public legal order and private legal order. Public law is oriented on the regulation of activity of public bodies, while public legal order is an established practice of activity of public bodies. Private law is oriented on the regulation of activity of private persons, while private legal order is an established practice of activity of private persons. In other words, I am oriented on “State Legal Order” and “Non-State Legal Order” in the frameworks of Legal order. More exactly, positive law is legislative law that is divided into public and private legislation. More exactly, legal order is established practice of activities of executive and judicial bodies on the one side, and established practice of activities of private persons on the other. Summary of Positive Law and Legal Order is Legal System.

Secret of jurisprudence is hidden in two partial structures of the norms of positive law and legal order - hypothesis and dispositions.

In which they coexist accordingly logically and really, and are indivisible. Scientific exploration of adequacy of hypothesis and disposition at the level of positive law, and adequacy of hypothesis and disposition at the level of legal order, and cross-sectional adequacy of hypothesis and disposition at the level of positive law and legal order, is point of departure of dialectical jurisprudence towards the harmonization, mutual transformation, spiral and evolutionary development of plural legal order and single positive law in the context of conflicts prevention and resolution and guarantee of sustainable development of Humankind.

The result of implementation of the main function of positive law is the establishing the definite legal order directly by the public bodies and indirectly by the private persons, appropriately ‘Official Legal Order’ and ‘Unofficial Legal Order’. Legal order in official and unofficial contexts we should consider in whole as unity of two sections of legal order. In philosophical aspect, both are under Giant Goethe’s formula: “Im Aufang war die Tat”. (For assess and clarification of legal order in official or unofficial contexts we could be used the official reviews of internal and/or international
authoritative bodies and competent organizations). After that we pass to the situation where it begins to act a formula: of “How to Do Things with Words”. This function undertakes a positive law. After that the process should be repeated spirally.

In any case, the basis of the positive law is legal order in accordance with Hegel’s law of the negation of the negation, because “Im Aufang war die Tat”. [5] Things negate words, words negate things, things negate words, and etc. In this sense, for me the Legal Order is “Ordo Ordinans” using slogan of neo-platonic from Georgia - Rustaveli (XII c.).

Interestingly, the judges in English speaking countries demand to keep strictly established order but not law from the presenters during hearing.

Legal relationship is unity of mutual activities (facts) and pending of mutual activities (norm), and possible subsequent mutual activities (facts) and pending of mutual activities (norm) of participants of such relationship.

Mutual activities (facts) and pending of mutual activities (norm), and possible subsequent mutual activities (facts) and pending of mutual activities (norm) of participants of legal relationship creates legal atmosphere, logical disposition to which define them as bearers of mutual obligations and reflected to them rights. In short, unity of mutual activities (facts) and pending of mutual activities (norm) is legal facts. Summary of legal facts i.e. legal relationships contents legal order of society.

Legal order is a core of self-organized normative system of society in the form of established practice of distribution of mutual obligations and reflective to them rights, and in this kind, legal order basically has trend to be free from directly outside encroachment i.e. immanently is in need to be stable and, at the same time, to be in the process of sustainable development. However, in legal order, as well as in any system, gradually gain upper the natural process of entropy which naturally provoke emergence of ‘instinct’ of self-defense through the seeking and striving for neutral outside power as guarantee of its stability and sustainable development. As one of forms of natural being, and analogically to it human beings, naturally such power have granted to the recognized or elected one human being or group of human beings. In the end, Humankind creates a States, particularly legislative, executive and judicial powers, and sets up for them positive law - a system of laws according to which a state, particularly legislative, executive and judicial powers, are governed. But as it was found later it was insufficient, because statesmen begun to abuse granted by the nations to them power. In order of eradication of abuse of power inside and/or outside of nation-country after the Second World War civilized nations created UN and adopted Bill of Human Rights. But as it was found later, it was insufficient too, because contrary to the Bill of Human Rights, particularly to the first articles of Covenants of Human Rights concerning of self-determination of the people, “great” nation-states continue directly or indirectly violation of Bill Human Rights of the people of “small” nation-states, particularly – the right of self-determination. Therefore, is aroused a special necessity to strengthen national sovereignty of “small” nation-states and, at the same time, prevention of abuse of power inside and/or outside of nation-states despite of their sizes.

Private persons as subjects to the law are relatively pure i.e. artificial legal persons because they are bearers recognized by the constitution, laws and International Covenants – human rights and freedoms of private persons, and stated by laws of State – capacity for rights of private persons to participate with other subjects (private and public subjects) to the law in legal relations in order to possess by mutual obligations and reflected to them rights including right to sue.

Public bodies as subjects to the law are absolutely pure i.e. artificial legal persons because they are bearers stated by the constitution, laws and International Covenants on Human Rights and Freedoms – legal obligations to protect recognized by the constitution, laws and International Covenants – human rights and freedoms, and stated by laws of State – capacity for rights of private persons to participate with other subjects to the law in legal relations in order to possess by them mutual obligations and reflected to them rights including right to sue.

Related to above-mentioned, some crucial questions have aroused:

How should we conceptualize the ‘Rule of Human Rights Law’ with regard to global society? What are the unique challenges confronting attempts to develop the ‘Rule of Human Rights Law’ given the nature of transnational society? Does ‘Rule of Human Rights Law’ constrain states’ power, facilitate it, or entrench it? What new effective supra-national mechanism must be creates that prevent government to establish tyranny and oppression over own people? What are the particular ways in which ‘Rule of Human Rights Law’ works – are they different in different areas of life of Humankind? What are the accommodations and compromises that ‘Rule of Human Rights Law’ seeks to make with States’ power? Is
'Rule of Human Rights Law' more or less effective as a result? If 'Rule of Human Rights Law' can be seen as a legal system of power in itself, what are the characteristics of this system? What is the constructive power of 'Rule of Human Rights Law' as a general public idea? Can 'Rule of Human Rights Law' be characterized as "Soft Power"? How does such power work? How does 'Rule of Human Rights Law' contend with national cultures and/or regional cultures? How successful have 'Rule of Human Rights Law' mechanism been in changing local and regional cultures? How does 'Rule of Human Rights Law' situate itself in relation to civilizations? As mediator, decider, authorizer? How can we overcome Euro-centrism, West-centrism, North-Atlantic-centrism, and/or male-centrism through the 'Rule of Human Rights Law'? How 'Rule of Human Rights Law' could be work in Muslim States? 

The fact is that 'Rule of law' no more operates effectively in interstates relations. Therefore, as outcome from the above mentioned extreme situation I am putting forward the idea of necessity to replace 'Rule of Law' by 'Rule of Human Rights Law'. Implementation of such idea is urgent goal of Humankind.

We have a lot of theories on positive law but we cannot say so about legal order.

Moreover, we have no theory which envelopes both fields of legal system, compares them, interprets their correlation and creates the model of their harmonization. Such function could be undertakes dialectical jurisprudence.

At the level of positive law jurisprudence has statically interpretative i.e. theoretical characteristic. At the level of legal order, jurisprudence has dynamically interpretative i.e. practical characteristic. More clearly, at the first level, jurisprudence interprets what the positive law 'is' i.e. what it demands from the private persons and public bodies theoretically. At the second level, jurisprudence interprets what the legal order 'is' i.e. what it demand from the private persons and public bodies practically. In other words, at the first level, jurisprudence creates a theoretical model of activity of private persons and public bodies, but at the second level, jurisprudence creates a practical model of activity of private persons and public bodies.

Thus jurisprudence interprets both situation and creates the model of their harmonization i.e. model of their mutual transformation, spirally and evolutionary development of legal system in whole.

Classical example of public legal order is the system of English law. The system of English law, which based on the precedent (stare decisis), do not represents positive law, but legal order of England. However, the system of law of UK, which based on the laws of parliament, is represent positive law, but not legal order of UK, excluding the precedents, for example, of England. Legal order of UK represents the system legal acts i.e. established practice of legal activities of public bodies, including legal acts of the courts i.e. precedents of England.

Therefore, positive law substantially has vertical structure. In distinction of positive law, legal order substantially has horizontal but not vertical structure. In philosophical aspect, positive law is not based on horizontal legal reasoning but on vertical legal reasoning. In philosophical aspect, legal order is not based on vertical legal reasoning but on horizontal legal reasoning.

Comparative analyze of positive laws of different countries traditionally had been made by scientists carefully, but comparative investigation of legal orders of different countries has not been made.

Moreover, situation states more complicated after introduction of notion "Legal Pluralism", because really comparative law basically envelops different forms of "Pluralism of Positive Laws" ignoring different forms of "Pluralism of Legal Orders" and mutual transformation of positive law and legal order. On the other side, the representatives of sociology of law run to extremes. They idolized so called 'Social Order' and recognized it as true positive law, and thus ignore even indirect regulatory function of legislation. Therefore, they both basically ignore exclude possibility of not only transformation, but even interaction between positive law and social order.

practice of activities of private persons and public bodies are basically pluralistic inside abovementioned spaces of single positive laws.

However, at the level of legal order it exist distinction between common law countries and customary law countries. On the other side, it does not exist formal distinction between positive laws of Romanist, Germanic, Nordic, Post-Soviet, Far-East (including China and North Korea) countries does not exist. However, it exist even formal distinction between legal orders of Romanist, Germanic, Nordic, Post-Soviet, Far-East (including China and North Korea) countries.

Moreover, at the level of positive law we have single positive laws, but at the level of legal order we have plural legal orders in these spaces.

In process of above mentioned classification of positive laws and legal orders independently and together, and distinction of comparative positive law and comparative legal order in whole, as criteria I take into consideration not race, stage of economic and/or social development, historical origin, substantive concepts and substantive concepts, but explicitly pure legal character of the norms of positive laws and legal orders.

So, Western macro and micro models of comparative law are long ago exhausted its energy and have transformed into schematic, closed and non-dynamic theory, and because of that should be replaced by non-schematic, open and dynamic legal theory, which could be take into consideration richness and diversity of legal reality. Practically, contemporary macro and micro models of comparative law are a result of comparison of positive laws of countries or group of countries ignoring legal reality i.e. legal orders at the International, Regional, National and Local levels. Positive law of each country is only one side of medal, while a reverse side of medal is legal order. Both sides construct a ‘medal’ in whole.

In short, contemporary jurisprudence is not being adequately performed for comparative legal studies. So, the time is ripe for substantially radical rethinkng. My comparative legal order study is a good example of a field in which practice outrun theory. In practice comparative legal order study is no longer confined within the boundaries of the Country and largely on ‘Grand Systemes Contemporaine’. I would like to underline that my essay on comparative legal order was stimulated by dissatisfaction with ‘Grand Systemes Contemporaine’ tradition because such tradition has ignored legal reality – plurality of autonomous legal orders in conditions of singularity of positive laws at the national, regional and global levels.

As conclusion to this chapter, I would like to emphasize the following. I am talking about the necessity of formation of Comparative Jurisprudence that will include two spaces: positive laws and legal orders of Nation-States.

At the first stage, Positive laws of Nation-States are the subject of comparative positive law, while legal orders of Nation-States must be the subject of comparative legal order.

At the second stage, the subject of Comparative Jurisprudence must be comparative investigation of mutual transformation of positive laws and legal orders of Nation-States.

At the third stage, the subject of Comparative Jurisprudence must be elaboration of accessible model of mutual transformation of positive laws and legal orders for group of Nation-States.

At the fourth stage, the subject of Comparative Jurisprudence in perspective must be elaboration of accessible model of mutual transformation of World positive law and World legal order for all of Nation-States.

Therefore, I am putting forward unparalleled comparative legal theory, which proposes synergetic model that can help to resolve the traditional problem of confrontation between “sein” (“to be”) and “sollen” (“ought to be”) through the substantiation of relative equality of positive law and legal order, and then through the production of practical mechanism of their mutual transformation, spiral and evolutionary development as the guarantee of conflicts prevention and peacefully resolution at all levels.

I think that each legal system is a result of dialectical interaction of legal order and positive law.

Comparison of legal systems should be includes: firstly, comparison of positive law and legal order inside legal system of each country; secondly, elaboration of model of mutual transformation, spiral and evolutionary development positive law and legal order inside legal system of each country; thirdly, comparison of legal systems of countries or group of countries including comparison of positive laws and legal orders; fourthly, elaboration of model of mutual transformation, spiral and evolutionary development legal systems of countries or group of countries including comparison of positive laws and legal orders; sixthly, analyze of World Legal System i.e. World Positive Law and World Legal Order as a result of elaboration of model of mutual transformation, spiral and evolutionary development legal systems of countries or group of countries; seventhly, comparison of World Positive Law and World Legal Order; and finally elaboration of Peaceful
Model of mutual transformation, spiral and evolutionary development World Positive Law and World Legal Order.

The comparative approach to the legal order helps to highlight world outlook bases of the legal reason. It pushes Humankind from the closed cyclic position to the spiral-evolutionary stage. Moreover, that is a New Variation of Theory of Legal Order based on the comparison of the legal orders of at all levels through the lens of Bill of Human Rights. Concerning Human Rights the name of this theory is: "Anthropology of Legal System". In order of support this theory it is necessary to strengthen the European house and the distribution of Democracy in Post-Soviet and developing countries, and whole in the world.

Therefore, I am putting forward a unparalleled comparative legal theory, which proposes model that can help to resolve the traditional problem of confrontation between “sein” ("to be") and “sollen” ("ought to be") through the theoretical substantiation of relative equality of positive law and legal order, and then through the production of practical mechanism of their mutual transformation, spiral and evolutionary development as the guarantee of conflicts prevention and peacefully resolution at all levels.

My legal theory is bringing to light Dialectical Interaction between Single Positive Law and Plural Legal Order, and Dialectical Interaction between Comparative Positive Law and Comparative Legal Order at the national, international and global levels. Dialectical Interaction between Single Positive Law and Plural Legal Order, and between Comparative Positive Law and Comparative Legal Order means the harmonization, mutual transition, spiral and evolutionary development of positive law and legal order, which is also expressed inside and outside the system of law in relation to legal environment, towards the optimization of the any legal system. Such system is under permanent self-organization, self-reproduction and self-catalysis, and is receiving feedback and exchanging legal information with its environment it may move and develop toward decreasing entropy.

Fundament of each Nation-State is a Civil Society that represents a system of established practice of social relations among individuals and/or their groups.

This system is functioning in normative form i.e. in the form of distribution of mutual obligations and reflected to them rights among individuals and/or their groups. Such fundament has been served by the small group of the people that are united in legislative, executive and judicial bodies i.e. in State. That serve bodies are legally ensured of peace, security, social maintenance and sustainable development of civil society. As result, it is established legal order as summary of individuals and/or their groups and public bodies. Out of legal order located ‘pure’ positive law by which is indirectly governed activities of individuals and/or their groups and directly – activities of public bodies concerning distribution of mutual obligations and reflected to them rights among them. Legal Order and Positive Law consist of Legal System of Nation-State.

In distinction of Lock, any natural state for me is not anarchy but the state that has its own order, and this order has its own legal form: parties of such order are acting in accordance of distribution by them mutual obligations and reflected to them rights, and in summary create established practice of mutual obligations and reflected to them rights i.e. legal order. At the same time, as well as the peoples are living in the frameworks of Stately-organized society, established practice of mutual obligations and reflected to them rights i.e. legal order, such legal order is not ‘pure’ legal order because participants of legal relations in the process of satisfaction of their different interests are forced to be in contact with public bodies that are under the regulation of norms of positive law. As result, at the established practice of mutual obligations and reflected to them rights have been sub-scaled norms of positive law (especially, norms of administrative law). As result, in the frameworks of legal order partially has been established dialectical coexistence and interaction of norms of mutual obligations and reflected to them rights of private persons and norms of positive law ‘in actions’ side by side with other independent norms of legal order that consist a system of legal order in whole.

At the same time, legal order has the power of authority, while positive law – the authority of power. However, the deeply roots of not only private positive law but public positive law in ‘action’ are in the wombs of Legal Order. Legal order as summary of legal facts causally gives rise to positive law, but positive law causally is not gives raise public positive law.

Legal life of society is an objective process of dialectical transformation of legal reality (legal order) into legal possibility (positive law), and legal possibility (positive law) into legal reality (legal order).

In other words, legal life of society is an objective process of dialectically mutual transformation of legal reality (legal order) and legal possibility (positive law), because motive force of such processes are the objective wills of participants.
of legal relations in kind of private persons (individuals and their groups) and public (legislative, executive and judicial) bodies.

At the same time, legal life of society is a subjective process of dialectical transformation of legal reality (legal order) into legal possibility (positive law), and legal possibility (positive law) into legal reality (legal order). In other words, legal life of society is a subjective process of dialectically mutual transformation of legal reality (legal order) and legal possibility (positive law), because motive force of such processes are the subjective wills of participants of legal relations in kind of private persons (individuals and their groups) and public (legislative, executive and judicial) bodies. ‘Having translation’ into philosophical language, dialectically mutual transformation of legal reality and legal possibility (positive law) represents the mutual transformation of ‘phenomenological realism’ (legal order) and ‘phenomenological idealism’ (positive law).

In summary, legal order is accumulated energy that has tendency to be transformed into content of positive law by the legislator. In positive law is accumulated energy that has tendency to be transformed into content of legal order by the private persons and public bodies. However, will or not will mutually transformed both energies generally depends on economic, social, political and cultural i.e. meta-legal factors. At the same time, priority should be given to legal order than to positive law, because stable and effective legal system could be guaranteed in situation when legislator adequately transformed above mentioned factors, of course, taking into account the standards of Human Rights.

Ignorance of priority legal order over positive law means ignorance of leading role of human being in sustainable development of society in whole including positive law because in the frameworks of positive law human being has been wholly absorbed in abstract sollsein, while human being is leading figure in practical process of mutual transformation of legal order and positive law.

I differentiate functions of jurisprudence and dialectical jurisprudence.

Jurisprudence studies: (1) Legal facts and legal rules of the norms of legal order and positive law; (2) Rational interaction of legal facts and legal rules of the norms inside of legal order of each country, and irrational interaction of legal facts and legal rules of the norms inside of positive law of each country; (3) Legal mechanism of mutual transformation of the norms of legal order and positive law of each country.

Dialectical jurisprudence: (1) Compares legal orders inside the legal system of each country, and compares legal orders of different countries and positive laws of different countries; (2) Elaborates the legal model of mechanism of mutual transformation of legal order and positive law inside and outside of legal systems from the point of view of their spirally and evolutionary development in accordance with the legal principles and norms of the Bill of Human Rights.

Transformation of positive law into legal order is not causal-effectual connection because connection between them intermediated by psychical motivation of private persons and by legal wills of public bodies, and also by the objectively established legal practice of distribution of mutual obligations and reflective to them rights of participants of legal relations. These phenomena are moving forces intersperse in evolutionary development and mutual transformation of legal order and positive law, and, to the end, in legal system in whole. In philosophical sense, this process might be describes as dialectical unity of psychic and logic at rational level i.e. legal order, and at irrational level i.e. positive law, and, to the end, at the level of mutual transformation of rationality and irrationality. However, in this process legal order has always prevailed over positive law because legal order as part of social life is largest and deepest one.

In general aspect, I distinguish functions of Jurisprudence and Dialectical Jurisprudence.

Jurisprudence has independent existence, because it connects with the elaboration of “juridically” (legally) prudential dispute resolution legal models among the parties of civil, political, economic, social and cultural relationships at all levels of human beings.

Dialectical Jurisprudence has independent existence, because it connects with the contradiction between positive law and legal order through the elaboration of “juridically” (legally) prudential legal models of their mutual transformation.

So, dialectical Jurisprudence studies the modern problems of legal theory, philosophy and sociology of law at the level of junction of positive law and legal order related to their mutual transformation, spirally and evolutionary development based on the comparison of positive laws and legal orders inside and outside of nation-states.

Moreover, Dialectical Jurisprudence focuses on entirely evaluation and prescription of legal system but not on description, analysis and explanation of established legal system.

If we look over a contemporary scientific works concerning notion of justice we discover that its content is very
diversely and often contradictory.

As well known, justice defined in following terms: Justice as harmony, Justice as divine command, Justice as natural law, Justice as human creation, Justice as trickery, Justice as mutual agreement, Justice as a subordinate value, Justice as reconciliation of liberty and equality, Justice as social and economic equalities, Justice as basic liberties of citizens, Justice as Fairness, Commutative justice, Political Justice, Distributive Justice, Organizational Justice, Restorative Justice, Retributive Justice, Social Justice, Spatial Justice, Social Contract Doctrine of Justice, Criminal Justice, Global Justice, Injustice, Just war, Just-world, Justice in economics. It is a nightmare.

Before the exploration of category of justice it is necessary to distinguish civil and political freedoms, and economic and social rights in the aspect of category of equality and inequality. Civil and political freedoms are unconditional rights. Economic and social rights are capacity for rights. All of them are equal rights that equally belong to all human beings. This is a space of supper positive law. Civil and political freedoms (direct rights) and economic and social rights (capacity for rights) should be recognized and guaranteed by the State in the process of their free realization by the individuals. In this sense, civil and political freedoms and capacity for rights are public rights to the States. After realization of civil, political freedoms (direct rights) and economic and social rights (capacity for rights) each human being is possessed of unequal volumes of concrete rights. This is a space of supper legal order.

Therefore, it is necessary to differentiate general and equal status of human being at the level of positive law, and concrete and unequal status of human being at the level of legal order.

The volume of civil and political freedoms and volume of capacity for rights as well as volumes of concrete rights depend on the quality of the ability of people to fight for rights which includes fight for just law. “To make just law makes a dry tree green”, as Shota Rustaveli - famous Georgian poet-philosopher of the XII Century and one of the founders of Neo-Platonism – has proclaimed. More clearly: “Making just law makes a stagnant society evolutionary”. On the contrary, “Making unjust law makes a green tree dry”. More clearly: “Making unjust law makes any society - stagnant.” (Shota Rustaveli is the great poetical genius of the Georgian people. The reader of his epic “Man in the Panther’s Skin” will probably be surprised to find much literary elements of the Western-European Renaissance in this work which is written a hundred years before Dante’s “La Divina Commedia”. The first translation made by the famous English writer Marjory Scott Wardrop (1869-1909) who dedicated almost whole of her life to the study of Georgian literature and in particular, the text of the poem. The translation was published after death by her brother Sir Oliver Wardrop (1804-1948) in the oriental Translation Fund New Series, Vol. XXI, London, 1912. Second edition dedicated to 8th century of his birth which is being celebrated in September, 1966, reprinted from the original English edition made in Tbilisi (Georgia) by ‘Literature and Art Publisher House’).

Reaching of just law is possible if decision-makers observe general principles of law, such as due process of law, particularly: reasonability, rationality, proportionality, efficiency, fairness, equality, nondiscrimination, impartiality, ‘detonement de pouvoir’, zero discretionary power, adequacy of means to end, ‘rebus sic stantibus clause’, good faith, confidence binding, security, stability, to act with diligence, prudence attention, listen to others before making decision, not to deceive or mislead others.

As conclusion, I would like to underline following. Not justice should be based on positive law but positive law – on justice. Not religion should be based on justice but justice – on religion. Not human rights should be based on justice, but justice – on Human Rights.

Justice confused with Natural Law but not with Human Rights Law.

If we sincerely want to solve the global environmental crisis, moreover – save the life on the Planet, we must make a revolutionary break and establish new, Earth-amenable legal and social institutions oriented on daylight-power generation.

Actually it means a global substitution of very expensive and dangerous exploitation of Earth’s un-renewable resources by using at the beginning of inexpensive and safety Day-light, including Solar-Wind energy as a stable guarantee of the sustainable development of humankind. All above mentioned bringing them in mutual transformation should be spirally, evolutionary and endlessly process of civilization. This will certainly necessitates a fundamental change in philosophy, religion, beliefs, norms, values and lifestyle for many people [6] based on Zen-Buddhism and the doctrine of Saint Francesco D’Assisi, find common propositions in fundamental religious systems and act in concert towards the creation of new and united Environmental Religion, because the God was, is and will be one and unique!

Theoretically, weakness of declarative ethical norms and call for a “basic change of values” against real politics of
permanent members of Security Council of UN decisively claims to transform ethical norms into regulative and protective legal norms based on third generation of Human Rights and formation of new sub-discipline of philosophy. Practically, formation of world judiciary system in order to protect environment is decisive claim that we have faced today.

Appropriately, in epoch of anarchically and chaotically developing globalization, world legal order immanentely claims world positive law; otherwise world legal order without world positive law would look like on human being without right hand.

In the process of formation of world positive law, at beginning is necessary adoption of the World Constitution and creation of the World Constitutional Court.

The World Constitution could be regulating activity of the UN member-states and UN itself, of course, in condition of abolition UN Security Council as huge survival of the World War II.

The World Constitutional Court could be revise compatibility of constitutions of UN member-states to the World Constitution and established practice of UN member-states constitutional courts to the established practice of World Constitutional Court.

Suggesting abovementioned dialectical model is precondition of World Peace on our Planet under auspice of Rule of Human Rights Law.

Suggested World Peace Model presents the following challenges to traditional ideas.

It challenges idea that treats our Planet as relatively closed and impervious entity which is evaluating by own laws independently of laws of Universe.

It challenges idea that treats human being as minion of God’s sole being, which has exclusive right to command freely by fortunes of all leaving creatures.

It challenges idea that treats ‘to be’ and ‘ought to be’ as isolated powers which move humankind without their mutual transformation.

It challenges idea that treats civil societies solely in frameworks of national and/or international (irrational) laws boundaries having ignores local, non-state, sub-state, inter-communal, transnational and global legal (rational) orders.

It challenges idea that treats positive law and legal order as identical phenomena having ignores characteristic of positive law as ‘possibility’ and legal order as ‘reality’, and the process of their mutual transformation.

It challenges idea that treats justice as plural phenomenon having ignores it’s directly dependence from observation of Fundamental Human Rights which are pick of hierarchy of any positive law and legal order.

It challenges idea that treats Universe as entity which has cyclical character having ignores it’s spirally endlessly character. My substantially new theory and ideas also associated with it have been influential in areas of skills movement in education and training.

As conclusion, I am suggesting general system of dialectics which could be mathematically formulated on the basis of Lobovikov’s ‘Uniting Parmenides’ and Heraclitus’ Philosophies by Means of Abstract Form Research in Values: A Logically Consistent Synthesis Emerging from Culture Algebra”. He uses algebra of culture (algebra of values) for rethinking the relationship between philosophies of Parmenides and Heraclitus. I assume that, in its essence, philosophy is an abstract form research in values. Then he deduces logical consequences from this assumption. The system of abstract value forms is represented as two-valued culture algebra.

Below symbols $x$, $y$ stand for evaluative variables taking their values from the set {g (good), b (bad)}. The following glossary introduces evaluative functions determined by two variables. These functions take their values from the set {g (good), b (bad)) as well.

**Glossary 1:** The symbol $Byx$ stands for “being of-$x$ and being of-$y$. $Nyx$ stands for “non-being of-$x$ and non-being of-$y$. $Fyx$ - “$y$’s causing non-being of-$y$. $Myx$ - “$x$’s (causing) change (movement) of-$y$. $Cyx$ — “$x$’s (creating) contradiction in (among) $y$. $Oyx$ - “$x$’s creating opposition in (among) $y$. $Dyx$ - “$y$’s producing difference in (among) $y$. $Uyx$-”$x$’s producing separation in (among) $y$. $Vyx$-Vs dividing (division of). $Zyx$ y’$s causing discreteness of$y$. $Syx$ - “$x$’s producing (against) $y$. $Wyx$ - “$x$’s struggle, war with (against) $y$. $Uyx$ - $x$’s unity (uniting) in relation to (against) $y$. These functions are defined by the following table.

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**Evaluation table uniting Parmenides’ and Heraclitus’ philosophies:**
The Universe is commonly defined as the totality of existence, including planets, stars, the contents of intergalactic space, galaxies and all matter and energy (similar terms include the cosmos, the world and nature).

General methodological basis of my original philosophical position is following.

The Universe has solid, durable, firm, strong, stable character which means that interactions of all parts of universe has solid, durable, firm, strong, stable. Analogical processes have taken place in inanimate and animate universes, in universes of human society and in human beings itself, and they also immanently include some phases of entropy which stimulates dialectical development of universe. In other words, part or other parts of universe in whole has dialectically spiraled, evolutionary and endlessly character. These processes interactively processes.

Interactions among all parts of universe have many forms. Leading form is transformation of each part into other part or other parts of universe in whole has dialectically spiraled, evolutionary and endlessly character. These processes immanently include some phases of entropy which stimulates dialectical development of universe. In other words, although each part of universe has tendency to entropy but in the process of mutual transformation of its parts through transition of entropy (disorder), universe in whole has solid, durable, firm, strong, stable character. Analogical processes have taken place in inanimate and animate universes, in universes of human society and in human beings itself, and they also immanently includes some phases of entropy which stimulates dialectical development of inanimate and animate nature, human society, in legal systems and human beings itself.

In the aspect of entropy as transitional phase in the aspect of process of mutual transformation of legal order and positive law as parts of universe of human society, I would like to indicate the following.

The first type of use of entropy theory is the application of mathematical techniques. In the physical sciences, a typical experimental situation will yield a long series of measurements, from which a "strange attractor" can be sought in reconstructed phase space. Legal system presents a genuine challenge to such attempts, though perhaps not an
impossible one.

Under what circumstances can the mathematical techniques of nonlinear dynamics and entropy theory be applied to legal system? While entropy theory holds that natural system remain strictly deterministic, nevertheless, artificial system is enormously complex in the sense of cohabitation of natural and artificial systems. The independent description of natural system would require an enormous, potentially an infinite, amount of information. On the other hand, highly complex behavior can sometimes be simulated in very simple ways through the constant repetition of an interactive processes such as Prigogine's baker's transformation or the non-linear feedback associated with the changing size of insect populations.

While natural theory of entropy is capable of simulating a wide variety of natural processes but it remains an open question concerning human society, particularly legal system. For example, while repeated iterations can generate complex results this does not necessarily mean that such iterations are part of the actual generative processes of nature itself. Another pertinent question is to what extend does absolute randomness and chaos occurs within the universe. While chaos theory is purely deterministic, may there exists certain natural processes that are essentially chaotic, indeterministic? Quantum theory would be an obvious choice, for the time at which a radioactive nucleus disintegrates is, according to the theory, absolutely in-deterministic - it is a matter of pure chance. David Bohm, however, has produced a deterministic version of quantum theory which perfectly accounts for all the empirical findings and predictions of the theory without invoking the assumption of absolute chance.

Another area in which intrinsic randomness occurs is in the sequence of digits of an irrational number. But what is the ontological basis of such numbers in nature? Are they a manifestation of intrinsic randomness in the universe or do they represent the abstract limits of processes that involve an infinite amount of information? At present there seems to be no way of deciding whether pure chance and randomness plays a role in the cosmos or if all systems are essentially deterministic in nature.

Appropriately and in general, legal system includes two spaces – order and disorder. The terms order and disorder designate the presence or absence of some symmetry or correlation inside and outside of legal system.

The function of legal scientists is to discover order and disorder inside and outside of legal system based on Human Rights standards, then compare the results of discovery, propose a legal model of eradication of disorder in each of them based on Human Rights standards, and after that elaborate new model of future mutual transformation of positive law and legal order.

Transforming into ‘cosmological’ language, I would like to conclude.

Universe is normatively rhythmical and moderately broadening system.

Particularly, Universe is such normatively rhythmical natural system that envelops cyclical process of deducing of ‘ought’ from ‘is’ and ‘is’ from ‘ought’.

Particularly, Universe is such moderately broadening system that envelopes cyclical process of mutual transformation of ‘is’ and ‘ought’.

These processes dialectically interacted.

Normatively rhythmical and moderately broadening of interactive processes could be mathematically formulated.

Human society analogically, but not identically (non- causally), is normatively rhythmical and moderately broadening social system.

Particularly, human society is such normatively rhythmical system that envelops spiral process of deducing of ‘ought’ from ‘is’ and ‘is’ from ‘ought’.

Particularly, human society is such moderately broadening system that envelops spiral process of mutual transformation of ‘is’ and ‘ought’.

These processes dialectically interacted. Normatively rhythmical and moderately broadening interactively processes could be mathematically formulated.

Mathematically formulated normatively rhythmical and moderately broadening of interactive processes are precondition of wisdom, justice and stability.

Legal system analogically, but not identically (non-causally), is normatively rhythmical and moderately broadening legal system.

Particularly, legal system is such normatively rhythmical system that envelops spiral process of deducing of ‘ought’ from ‘is’ and ‘is’ from ‘ought’.

Particularly, legal system is such moderately broadening system that envelops spiral process of mutual
transformation of ‘is’ and ‘ought’. These processes dialectically interacted.
Normatively rhythmical and moderately broadening interactively processes could be mathematically formulated.
Mathematically formulated legally rhythmical and moderately broadening of interactive processes are precondition of establishing Rule of Human Rights Law in the World.

General Conclusion.

The export of World Peace Model has been used to apply to the enshrined in the Bill of Human Rights standards and imposing it on developing or under developing Nation-States that excludes priority of thinking which elevate one culture and the values it generated (West culture and the values) to the level of universal standards to the emulated as completely as possible by all other Nation-States. Striving for universalism will afford all Nation-States’ culture equal opportunities to make useful and unique contributions to the common heritage of Humankind and will make for peace and harmony. To do this the book used reach philosophical and legal traditions of Georgia since XII c. namely: Order of Orders, Normative Space, Sense of Law and Just Law.

I have shown that, without a dialectical approach to the legal personality of statehood and human being at the levels of positive law and legal order, and without their mutual dialectical transformation, humankind would be reduced to global disorder.

Particularly, global disorder, as expressed by political ideology so called “Open Society” i.e. “Open Market” (in broad sense), or “World without Borders” i.e. without Self-determination of Nation-States and other principles of Jus Cogens, is an opposite side of global order. Such political ideology actually is the reanimation of Marx’s slogans: ‘Proletarians have no Motherland’ i.e. Proletarians have no Nation-States, or “Proletarians United” i.e. Proletarians united against Nation-States. This insidious political ideology is transforming ideology of National-Socialism that oriented on the dictatorship of one Nation-State in perspective or very few of them today, particularly permanent members of UNSC. As is well known, Israel and United States are not going to renounce of its statehood. . .

Openness of society today and in near future could be imagine in the frameworks of Nation-States. How will developing the processes in the World that will show independent law of evolution of Humankind. Artificial acceleration of processes will lead Humankind to the World War III between East and West that have begun after the occupation of Arab territories by Israel.

Finally, based on Universal Human Rights values the book tries to show the methodological perspective that can evoke me establish the universal and/or potentially ‘universalize’ elements in different cultures and ways of their harmonization.

Summarizing all abovementioned, I would like apologetically say that I think that this paper was ready to be published, not only because it is near discovery in philosophy, law and theology, but rather because it is time we heard more opinions and experiences, and because it is time for shearing reflections in a broader environment at the junction of local, national, regional and global problems of Humankind in order to Join in Law and Order of Cosmos as stable guarantee of establishment of Irreversible World Peace and Justice on the Planet. [7]

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